Business Meeting Minutes

2025 AAFCO Midyear Meeting Little Rock, Arkansas January 21, 2025 8:30 – 10:15 AM (CT)

- 1. Meeting Called to Order 8:30am CT (9:18am CT for the business portion)
- 2. Welcome & Opening Remarks: Josh Arbaugh, President
- 3. Acknowledgement of Awards: Josh Arbaugh, President
- 4. Roll Call Ashlee-Rose Ferguson, Secretary-Treasurer
- 5. Call for Resolutions (at Midyear): Josh Arbaugh, President Due Date: Wednesday, April 30, 2025
- 6. Acceptance of Committee Reports From: Finance, Current Issues and Outreach, Education and Training, Feed and Feed Ingredient Manufacturing, Ingredient Definition, Inspection and Sampling, Laboratory Methods and Services, Proficiency Testing Program, Strategic Affairs, Feed Labeling, Pet Food Committee, Model Bill & Regulations, Enforcement Issues (Open and Closed Session Minutes), and Ingredient Definition Committee E-Meetings (October 17 and November 8, 2024) Josh Arbaugh, President & Laura Scott, President-Elect

(All open committee reports are published on the AAFCO website on the 2025 Midyear Meeting page, right side, under the heading "Committee Reports.")

Board recommends acceptance. Washington Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

- 7. Board Recommendation:
 - 1) KSO Proposal (Appendix 1)

Establishing a new partnership with Kansas State University's Olathe Innovation Campus to oversee the new AAFCO Ingredient Approval Process.

Board recommends acceptance. Minnesota Seconds. Motion carried with two nays and two abstentions. There was no discussion.

- 8. Acceptance of Committee Recommendations: Josh Arbaugh, President & Laura Scott, President-Elect Feed Labeling Recommendations:
 - 1) The Feed Labeling Committee recommends to replace the label for "Your Sheep Feed" on p.255 of the 2024 OP and in the appropriate location within the Feed Labeling Guide with (Appendix 2). **Board recommends acceptance. Oklahoma Seconds. Motion carried.** Scott noted that the caution statement will be reviewed by editorial before publication.
 - **Editorial:** * CAUTION: Use only as Directed. For ruminants only.
 - 2) The Feed Labeling Committee's recommends to insert the new label for "Your Goat Feed" (Appendix 3) immediately following "Your Sheep Feed" on p.255 of the 2024 OP and in the appropriate location within the Feed Labeling Guide. Board Recommends Acceptance. North Dakota Seconds. Motion carried. Scott noted that the caution statement will be reviewed by editorial before publication.

Editorial: * CAUTION: Use only as Directed.

Ingredient Definition Committee

Move to OFFICIAL- T60.117 (A) Dried Black Soldier Fly Larvae (finfish)
 60.117 Dried Black Soldier Fly Larvae is the dried larvae of the Black Soldier Fly, Hermetia illucens, with or without mechanical extraction of part of the oil, that has been raised on feedstock composed

exclusively of feed grade materials. The ingredient must be labeled for guarantees for minimum crude protein and minimum crude fat on an as-fed basis. If oil is mechanically extracted, maximum crude fat must also be guaranteed on the ingredient label. The ingredient is dried by artificial means to no more than 10% moisture. It is for use in <u>finfish</u>, poultry, and swine feed and in adult dog food as a source of protein and fat consistent with good feeding practices.

Board recommends acceptance. Indiana Seconds. Motion carried. Discussion was had about whether this motion, if passed, would be included in the official language.

- 2) Move to OFFICIAL- T60.120 Dried Chicory Root Pulp 60.120 Dried Chicory Root Pulp is the dried pulp produced as a byproduct of inulin extraction from the root of Cichorium intybus L., intended as a source of fiber. It shall contain no more than 10% inulin, no less than 60% total dietary fiber, and no more than 13% moisture. Board recommends acceptance. Indiana Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.
- 3) Move to OFFICIAL- T60.121 Dried Mealworm Meal 60.121 Dried Mealworm Meal is obtained from the dried larvae of the yellow mealworm beetle (Tenebrio molitor) which has been raised on a feedstock composed exclusively of feed grade materials and from which part of the oil has been extracted using a mechanical process. The ingredient must be labeled with guarantees for minimum crude protein, and minimum and maximum crude fat. The ingredient is artificially dried to no more than 8% moisture. It is for use in adult dog food as a source of protein at a level not to exceed 30% on an as-fed basis. Board recommends acceptance. North Dakota Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.
- 4) Move to OFFICIAL-T60.119 Dried Crickets 60.119 Dried Crickets are nymph through adult stage crickets, Acheta domesticus, manufactured either by roasting or wet milling. Crickets are raised on feedstock composed exclusively of feed grade materials. Post-harvest processing of crickets shall incorporate a microbial kill step. The ingredient must be labelled with guarantees for minimum crude protein and minimum crude fat on an as-fed basis. The ingredient is dried to no more than 6% moisture. The ingredient must contain no more than 7.5% chitin (1). It is for use in adult dog food as a source of protein and fat consistent with good feeding practices.
 - 1. Narguess H. Marei, Emtithal Abd El-Samie, Taher Salah, Gamal R. Saad, Ahmed H.M. Elwahy, Isolation and characterization of chitosan from different local insects in Egypt, International Journal of Biological Macromolecules, Volume 82, 2016, Pages 871-877, ISSN 0141-8130, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijbiomac.2015.10.024

Board recommends acceptance. Utah Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

Move to OFFICIAL- T33.29(B) Black Soldier Fly Larvae Oil (and adult cat food)
33.29 Black Soldier Fly Larvae Oil is the product obtained by mechanically extracting the oil from dried larvae of Black Soldier Fly, Hermetia illucens, that have been raised on a feedstock composed exclusively of feed grade materials. It is intended for use in swine and finfish feed and adult dog and adult cat food as a source of energy consistent with good feeding practices. It consists predominantly of glyceride esters of fatty acids and contains no additions of free fatty acids or other materials obtained from fats. It must contain, and be guaranteed for, not less than 90% total fatty acids, not more than 2% unsaponifiable matter and not more than 1% insoluble impurities. Maximum free fatty acids and moisture must also be guaranteed. If an antioxidant(s) is used, the common name or names must be indicated, followed by the words "used as a preservative."
Board recommends acceptance. Oklahoma Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

6) Move to OFFICIAL-T51.17 Clam Meal 51.17 Clam Meal is the undecomposed, dried byproducts from shucking and processing operations of Spisula solidissima and/or Arctica Islandica. The ingredient is derived from all or part of the meat, liquid, and viscera of the clam. It must contain not less than 60% crude protein and not more than 12% moisture. It is for use in non-salmonid finfish feed as a source of protein consistent with good feeding practices.

Board recommends acceptance. Michigan Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

7) Move to OFFICIAL- T40.100(A) Recovered Retail Food (and poultry feed) 40.100 Recovered Retail Food is composed of edible human food products safe and suitable for livestock feed and poultry feed that are collected from retail food establishments, domestic holding facilities, and domestic packing facilities. Permitted recovered retail foods are products from overstocks, lacking consumer acceptance, or beyond their sell-by date that include items such as bruised, cut, or overly ripe product (fruit and vegetables), bakery goods, eggs, and dairy products. It shall be safe and appropriately labeled for its intended use in accordance with good feeding practices and shall be free of material harmful to animals. Materials excluded from this definition include pet foods and products containing beef, lamb, pork, poultry, fish, or shellfish. It must not contain packaging materials (e.g. plastics, glass, metal, string, Styrefoam, polystyrene, cardboard, and similar materials), flowers, potted plants, or potting soil. The recovered foods shall be collected and intermixed in secure holding containers to exclude unauthorized addition of trash, materials harmful to animals, or infestation and adulteration by pests. Egg and dairy products (and other products ordinarily held at refrigerator temperatures) must be kept in cold storage until the scheduled pick-up. To minimize spoilage, the recovered retail food shall be collected at least weekly, or more frequently if necessary. The establishment should have a sanitation plan in place, and the containers should be cleaned and sanitized as necessary. The collected material may be further processed or delivered as is to an animal feeding facility. The product must be handled to preserve its safety and nutritional

Board recommends acceptance. Wisconsin Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

8) Move to OFFICIAL T40.113 Dried Recovered Household Food
40.113 Dried Recovered Household Food is composed of only non-spoiled materials originally intended for or derived from food for human consumption and collected from households. Materials are dried daily in the home to 12% or less moisture to enable safe storage and transport. These materials must be safe and suitable for use in animal food. The materials shall be collected, evaluated, and further processed by the manufacturer to confirm that only acceptable materials have been added by households. To help ensure safety, a manufacturer of Dried Recovered Household Food must maintain a relationship with participating households to support training and accountability regarding acceptable material. Dried Recovered Household Food is intended for use in poultry diets in accordance with good feeding practices. The guaranteed analysis shall include the maximum moisture which shall be no more than 12%.

Board recommends acceptance. Washington Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

- 9) New TENTATIVE-33.29(C) Black Soldier Fly Larvae Oil (poultry)

 T33.29(C) Black Soldier Fly Larvae Oil is the product obtained by mechanically extracting the oil from dried larvae of Black Soldier Fly, Hermetia illucens, that have been raised on a feedstock composed exclusively of feed grade materials. It is intended for use in poultry, swine and finfish feed and adult dog and adult cat food as a source of energy consistent with good feeding practices. It consists predominantly of glyceride esters of fatty acids and contains no additions of free fatty acids or other materials obtained from fats. It must contain, and be guaranteed for, not less than 90% total fatty acids, not more than 2% unsaponifiable matter and not more than 1% insoluble impurities. Maximum free fatty acids and moisture must also be guaranteed. If an antioxidant(s) is used, the common name or names must be indicated, followed by the words "used as a preservative.

 Board recommends acceptance. Minnesota Seconds. Motion carried. Discussion was had about when this language would become official and it was stated that it will become official once the motion passes and is approved by Strategic Affairs, they will update the bylaws for approval by the voting membership at the 2025 annual meeting.
- 10) New TENTATIVE- T51.17(A) Clam Meal (of clam species for human consumption)

T51.17A Clam Meal is the undecomposed, dried byproducts from shucking and processing operations of Spisula solidissima and/or Arctica islandica of clam species for human consumption. The ingredient is derived from all or part of the meat, liquid, and viscera of the clam. It must contain not less than 60% crude protein and not more than 12% moisture. It is for use in non-salmonid finfish feed as a source of protein consistent with good feeding practices.

Board recommends acceptance. Indiana Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

11) New- Section 101 GRAS Notices, AGRN 63 Purified Yeast Cell wall to be inserted into Table 101.1

AGRN (select for detailed record)	Notifier	Substance	Common or Usual Name	Intended Use	Intended Species	Date of Filing	FDA's Letter (select to view letter)
Generally Recognized As Safe, GRAS, For AGRN 63 (fda.gov) (PDF - 613 pages)	Phileo, Division of S.I. Lesaffre	Purified yeast cell wall	Purified yeast cell wall	Utility information not evaluated for GRAS, see FDA's letter for more information	All animals	10/4/23	FDA has no questions. (PDF - 3. pages

Board recommends acceptance. North Dakota Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

12) Amendment to Technical Additives Table 73.001, Ethyl Cellulose

573.420 Ethyl cellulose- Recommend adding to the table the Classification of Food Additive Amendment of "Matrix scaffolding for tracers" and under Limitations or Restrictions "Not to exceed 80% of tracer".

Board recommends acceptance. Missouri Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

- 13) Amendment to 57.166 Chromium propionate (As a result of amendments made to the food additive 573.304)
 - **57.166 Chromium propionate** 57.166 Chromium Propionate—The food additive chromium propionate may be safely used in animal feed as a source of supplemental chromium in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:
 - a. The additive is manufactured by the reaction of a chromium salt with propionic acid, at an appropriate stoichiometric ratio, to produce triaqua-(mu3-oxo) hexakis (mu2-propionato-O,O') trichromium propionate with the empirical formula,

[Cr3(O)(CH3CH2CO2)6(H2O)3]CH3CH2CO2.

- b. The additive is added to feed as follows:
 - 1. In complete feeds for broiler chickens, **growing turkeys**, and swine at a level not to exceed 0.2 milligrams (mg) of chromium from chromium propionate per kilogram of feed.
 - 2. In cattle diets at levels not to exceed 0.5 mg of chromium from chromium propionate per kilogram of the complete feed. Chromium propionate must be premixed with dry ingredients prior to adding to high moisture ingredients or forages.
 - 3. In feed for horses at a level not to exceed an intake of 4 mg of chromium from chromium propionate per horse per day.
- c. The additive meets the following specifications:
 - 1. Total chromium content, 8 to 10 percent.
 - 2. Hexavalent chromium content, less than 2 parts per million (ppm).
 - 3. Arsenic, less than 1 ppm.
 - 4. Cadmium, less than 1 ppm.
 - 5. Lead, less than 0.5 ppm.
 - 6. Mercury, less than 0.5 ppm.

- 7. Viscosity, not more than 2,000 centipoise.
- d. The additive shall be incorporated into feed as follows:
 - 1. It shall be incorporated into each ton of feed by adding no less than one pound of a premix containing no more than 181.4 mg of added chromium from chromium propionate per pound.
 - 2. The premix manufacturer shall follow good manufacturing practices in the production of chromium propionate premixes. Inventory, production, and distribution records must provide a complete and accurate history of product production.
 - Chromium from all sources of supplemental chromium cannot exceed:
 - i.A level of 0.2 ppm of the complete feeds for broiler chickens, **growing turkeys**, and swine:
 - ii.A level of 0.5 ppm of the complete feed for cattle; and
 - iii. An intake of 4 mg per horse per day.
- e. To assure safe use of the additive in addition to the other information required by the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act:
 - 1. The label and labeling of the additive, any feed premix, and feed shall contain the name of the additive.
 - 2. The label and labeling of the additive and any feed premix shall also contain: i.A guarantee for added chromium content.
 - ii.Adequate directions for use and cautions for use including these statements: "Caution: Follow label directions" and consistent with the directions for use, the following:
 - A. For feed for broiler chickens, growing turkeys, and swine, "Chromium from all sources of supplemental chromium cannot exceed 0.2 parts per million of the complete feed." for broiler chickens and swine
 - B. For feed for cattle, "Chromium from all sources of supplemental chromium cannot exceed and 0.5 parts per million of the complete feed for cattle."
 - C. <u>For feed for horses</u>, "Chromium from all sources of supplemental chromium cannot exceed 4 milligrams per horse per day."

(21 CFR 573.304) (Adopted 2017 rev.1, Amended 2021, 2025)

Board Recommends Acceptance. Georgia Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

14) New Tentative Definition, T51.20 Shellfish

"Shellfish is the clean, undecomposed flesh derived from mollusks (including, but not limited to, clams, oysters, or squids) or crustaceans (including, but not limited to, shrimp, crayfish, or crabs) suitable for use in animal food. Mollusk flesh may include accompanying viscera but shall exclude, except in such amounts as might occur unavoidably in processing, shells and beaks. Crustacean flesh may include accompanying viscera and those shells that are customarily consumed, but shall exclude shells that are not customarily consumed, except in such amounts as might occur unavoidably in processing. It shall exclude added shells, beaks, or viscera. It is intended for use in animal food as a source of protein consistent with good feeding practices. If it bears a name descriptive of its kind, it must correspond thereto.

Board recommends acceptance. Louisiana Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

15) New Tentative Definition, T51.21 Alligator

"Alligator is the clean, undecomposed flesh derived from the skeletal muscle of alligator (Alligator mississippiensis) harvested for food or hide, with or without accompanying portions of bone which may typically be expected to accompany the flesh when unavoidable in processing, but excluding heads, hide, viscera, and feet. It shall be suitable for use in animal food and must be labeled with minimum crude protein, minimum crude fat, and maximum ash guarantees. It is for use in animal food as a source of protein consistent with good feeding practices."

Board recommends acceptance. Utah Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

16) New Feed Term- Total Mixed Ration (TMR)

"A complete and nutritionally adequate feed mixture that includes all ingredients (e.g., forages, concentrates, proteins, minerals, vitamins supplements/sources) mixed uniformly so each mouthful has the same components and composition. Some new animal drugs are specifically approved for TMR use in dairy cattle."

Board recommends acceptance. Wisconsin Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

17) Technical Additives Table 73.001, Spent Bleaching Clay

Name	FDA Regulation	Classification Under Food Additives Amendment	Limitations or Restrictions
Spent Bleaching Clay		Processing aid	May only be used in select oilseed meals according to each ingredient definition. May contain color bodies, phospholipids, and soaps. Shall be derived from montmorillonite clay, attapulgite clay, diatomaceous earth, or silicon dioxide used to clarify refined vegetable oils.

Board recommends acceptance. Indiana Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

18) Spent Bleaching Clay (See Appendix 4 for 11 definitions as highlighted below to vote on as a bundle) Montana Seconds. Motion carried. Scott clarified the percentages of some of the items listed below.

New Tentative, T24.10 Cottonseed Meal, Mechanical Extracted

New Tentative, T24.12 Cottonseed Meal, Solvent Extracted

New Tentative, T24.14 Ammoniated Cottonseed Meal

New Tentative, T48.22 Corn Germ Meal Dry Milled

New Tentative, T48.23 Corn Germ Meal Wet Milled

New Tentative, T71.40 Low Glucosinolate High Erucic Acid Rapeseed Meal, Solvent Extracted

New Tentative, T71.7 Peanut Meal and Hulls, Mechanical Extracted and Solvent Extracted

New Tentative, T71.9 Peanut Meal, Mechanical Extracted and Solvent Extracted

New Tentative, T71.77 Canola Meal

New Tentative, T84.61 Soybean Meal, Solvent Extracted

New Tentative, T84.7 Soybean Meal, Dehulled, Solvent Extracted

19) New Tentative, T60.119A Dried Crickets

T60.119A Dried Crickets are nymph through adult stage crickets, Acheta domesticus, manufactured either by roasting or wet milling. Crickets are raised on feedstock composed exclusively of feed grade materials. Post-harvest processing of crickets shall incorporate a microbial kill step. The ingredient must be labelled with guarantees for minimum crude protein and minimum crude fat on an as-fed basis. The ingredient is dried to no more than 6% moisture. The ingredient must contain no more than 7.5% chitin. It is for use in adult dog food and adult cat food as a source of protein and fat consistent with good feeding practices.

Board Recommends Acceptance. Utah Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

20) New Tentative, T12.8 Barley Protein Concentrate, (Protein lowered from 60% to 53%)

T12.8 Barley Protein Concentrate is the dried protein fraction prepared by enzymatic hydrolysis of starch, beta glucans, and fiber. The ingredient is prepared from barley that is dehulled or of a hulless

variety. It must not contain less than <u>53% crude protein</u> on a dry matter basis. The finished ingredient should not contain more than 10% moisture. It is to be used in the feed of fish as a source of protein. (Proposed 2022 rev1, Adopted 2023, Amended 2025)

Board Recommends Acceptance. Minnesota Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

- 21) New Official, 96.15 Komagataella pastoris Dried Yeast (21 CFR 573.587) 96.15 Komagataella pastoris Dried Yeast.
 - (a) Identity. The food additive Komagataella pastoris dried yeast is non-viable and may be used in feed formulations of broiler chickens as a source of protein not to exceed 10 percent by weight of the total formulation.
 - (b) Specifications. The additive shall conform to the following percent-by-weight specifications:
 - (1) Crude protein, not less than 60 percent.
 - (2) Crude fat, not less than 2 percent.
 - (3) Crude fiber, not more than 2 percent.
 - (4) Ash, not more than 13 percent.
 - (5) Moisture, not more than 6 percent.
 - (c) Use. To ensure safe use, the labeling of the additive and any feed additive supplement, concentrate, or premix prepared therefrom shall bear, in addition to other required information, the name of the additive, directions for use to provide not more than 10 percent by weight of the total ration, and the statement "Caution: Not to be used in layers or other poultry intended for breeding. **Board Recommends Acceptance. Missouri Seconds. Motion carried.** There was no discussion.

22) New- Section 101 GRAS Notices, AGRN 64 Dried Tryptophan Fermentation Product

AGRN (select for detailed record)	Notifier	Substance	Common or Usual Name	Intended Use	Intended Species	Date of Filing	FDA's Letter (select to view letter)
	CJ CheilJedang Corporation	Dried L- Tryptophan Fermentation Product	Dried L- Tryptophan Fermentation Product	For use as a source of L- Tryptophan in swine feed	Swine	11/30/23	FDA has no questions (PDF - 3 pages)

Board Recommends Acceptance. Oklahoma Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

23) Addition to table 101.1, AGRN 62 Sodium Salts of Lactylates of Lauric and Myristic Acids

AGRN (select for detailed record)	Notifier	Substance	Common or Usual Name	Intended Use	Intended Species	Date of Filing	FDA's Letter (select to view letter)
62	Corbion (Purac Biochem BV)	Sodium salts of Lauric and Myristic Acids (C12/C14 Lactylates)	Saits of	Utility information not evaluated for GRAS, see FDA's letter for more information	All animal species	8/22/23	FDA has no questions. (PDF - 3 pages)

Board Recommends Acceptance. North Dakota Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

24) Animal Food Consultation language edit to OP Chapter 6:

Recommendation #1: Publish this language after page 351 of the 2024 Official publication after acceptance by Association membership *Note: added in OP once AFIC process is established by FDA

Animal Food Ingredient Consultation by FDA

The FDA has established the Animal Food Ingredient Consultation (AFIC) as a process for firms to consult with FDA regarding these animal food ingredients and for FDA to review such ingredients and identify any safety concerns associated with them.

Ingredients that have completed the AFIC process shall be added to the relevant ingredient section of Chapter 6. The appropriate investigator will provide a recommendation form using information in the "consultation complete" letter and forward it to the chair of the Ingredient Definitions Committee for consideration at the next committee meeting. These definitions should be referenced as "(AFIC, adopted XXXX [year voted on by membership])" at the end of the definition. Firms making AFIC submissions should be prepared to answer questions from the Ingredient Definitions Committee or Association if needed. The AFIC ingredients are voted on by the ingredient Definitions Committee, the AAFCO board, and accepted by the Association membership for publication in the AAFCO Official Publication.

Since the ingredient has gone through the FDA consultation process, once the AAFCO Ingredient Definitions Committee, the AAFCO Board, and AAFCO membership have approved the definition, the entry will be incorporated in the AAFCO *Official Publication* as Official."

Board Recommends Acceptance. Montana Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

Strategic Affairs Recommendations:

1) Advisor Nomination Procedure and Form (Appendix 2) Edit page 97 of the 2024 OP under "Advisors" to offer clarity to the language:

"Advisors may be requested by the President to represent the position of industry/trade and consumer groups on AAFCO committees (including subcommittees), task forces, or working groups. Following all nominations, the President, with the advice of the BOD, may accept representatives. The President may also choose to appoint other individuals. Generally, the President and BOD take into consideration the individual's advisor nominee's demonstrated expertise on a given subject matter, their willingness to work with others in AAFCO, and their ability to facilitate the goals of the organization. These selected advisors will be called upon to answer questions relevant to animal nutrition, analytical expertise, industry practices, or other pertinent questions. The number of advisors is usually limited by the size of the committee. Committee Advisors to Committees do not serve as members of an AAFCO committee, nor do they have a vote in committee level deliberations. Committee advisors serve as a voting member of work groups and task forces supporting the respective committee. Any advisor who behaves in a manner disruptive to committee AAFCO business is subject to removal as an advisor to the committee by the AAFCO President."

Note: Insert procedure into PM, page 19, immediately after Advisor description. Convert Advisor information to standardized form for website with link in PM to website (toolkit section). See Appendix 2 for procedure and form information. It is suggested that the President give any delinquent advisor forms a last notice before being removed from the committee roster.

Board Recommends Acceptance. New Hampshire Seconds. Motion carried. There was no discussion.

This concludes committee and board recommendations needing membership approval.

9. Presidential Gavel Pass

President: Laura Scott. CFIA

Past President: Josh Arbaugh, WVDA

10. Credential Report: Dani Naylor, FASS

Number of voting states represented: 44 Number of members present: 117 Number of countries:6 Number of FDA representatives: 21 Number of life members: 5
Total meeting attendance:378
In-Person: 299

Zoom: 79

11. Meeting Concluded at 9:52am CT.